The Ayurvedic clock, or *dinacharya* (daily routine), is structured around the idea of aligning your daily activities with natural cycles governed by the body's three primary doshas: Kapha, Pitta, and Vata. This rhythm aims to balance physical, mental, and emotional health by synchronizing with the natural flow of energy.

Dosha Cycles and Ideal Routines

- 1. Kapha Time (6 AM 10 AM, 6 PM 10 PM):
 - Morning (6 AM 10 AM): This is an ideal time for physical activity since Kapha energy supports strength and endurance. Exercise, followed by a light breakfast suited to one's dosha, helps activate the body's metabolism.
 - Evening (6 PM 10 PM): As the day winds down, activities should focus on relaxation. Ayurveda recommends gentle practices like dry brushing and selfmassage to promote relaxation before bed, ideally around 9-10 PM.
- 2. Pitta Time (10 AM 2 PM, 10 PM 2 AM):
 - Day (10 AM 2 PM): With the digestive fire at its peak, this is the best time to eat your largest, protein-rich meal. Pitta's influence also makes this an optimal time for work and decision-making.
 - Night (10 PM 2 AM): At night, this phase supports deep, restorative sleep, essential for bodily repair and rejuvenation.
- 3. Vata Time (2 AM 6 AM, 2 PM 6 PM):
 - Early Morning (2 AM 6 AM): Vata is associated with lightness and movement, making it an ideal time for meditation or spiritual practices, as the mind is most receptive.
 - Afternoon (2 PM 6 PM): This period is favorable for creative and intellectual work, as Vata's energy enhances mental clarity and flexibility.